Research Seminar: Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health



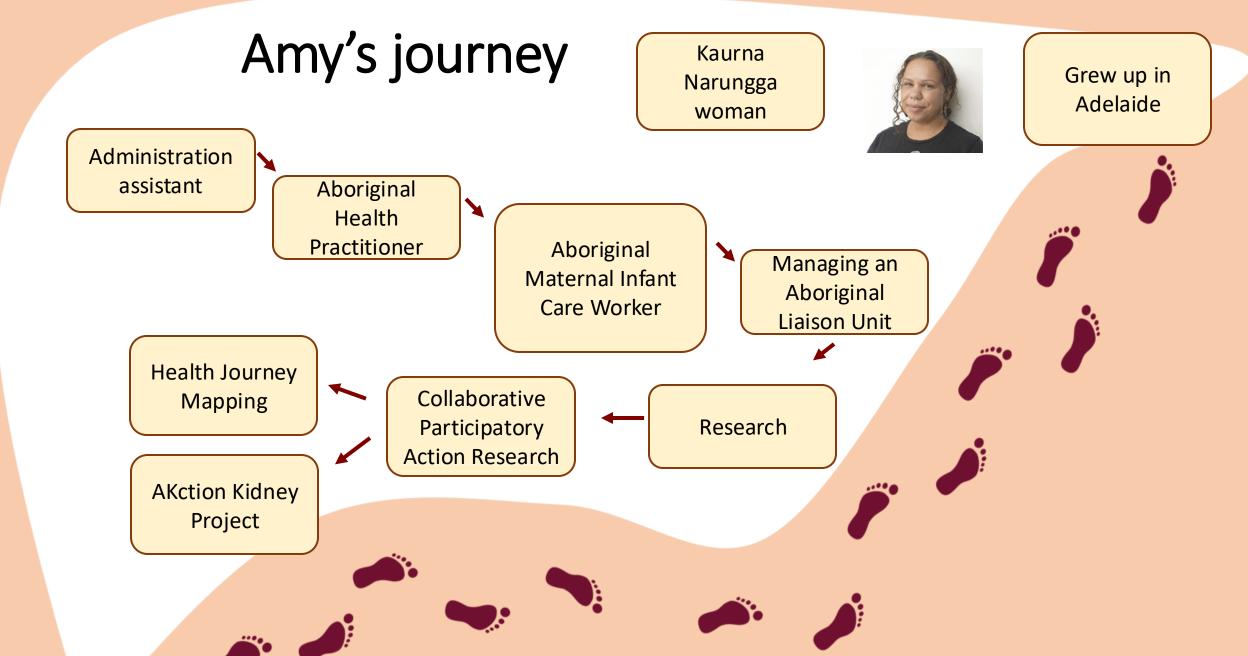
Aboriginal people driving healthcare improvements

A/Prof Janet Kelly & Kaurna Narungga woman Amy Graham

Acknowledgment of Country

We would like to acknowledge Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Peoples as the traditional owners and pay respect to their spiritual and physical connections to land, seas, and waterways where cultural practices are strong and thriving today as always.





Janet's journey

British & German ancestry



Grew up on Kangaroo Island

Hospital trained nurse

Community health nursing

Working with Aboriginal colleagues & community members

Concerned about gaps in care

AKction 1 & 2 Kidney Project

Collaborative
Participatory
Action Research

Research as problem solving

Health Journey Mapping

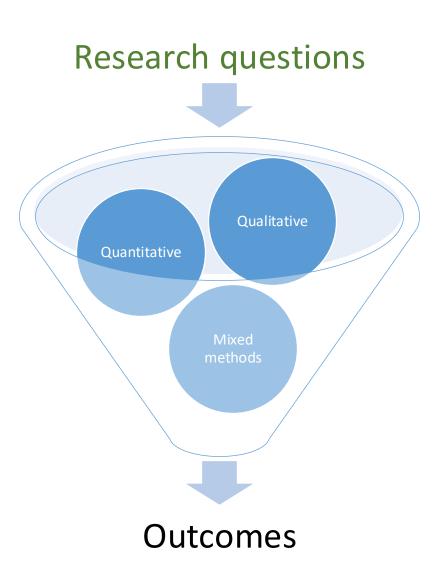
Different research approaches

Questions

- What is working well and where are the gaps?
- From who's perspective?
- How best to address gaps in care?
- How to evaluate effectiveness?

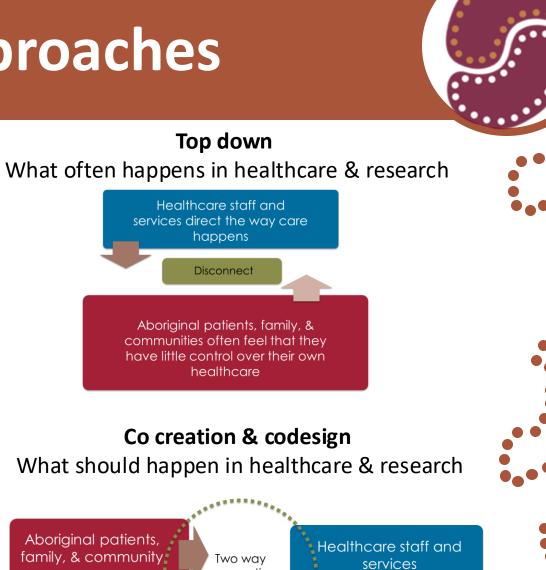
Approaches

- Quantitative
- numbers, statistics
- Qualitative
 - experiences, reasons behind statistical results
- Mixed methods
 - using both qualitative and quantitative



Meaningful approaches

- Acknowledge Aboriginal people as experts of their own lives, health and wellbeing needs and priorities
- Prioritises Aboriginal knowledges, ways of being, knowing and doing
- Flips typical colonial hierarchies on their heads e.g. community members as chief investigators



conversations

Willing to listen, engage,

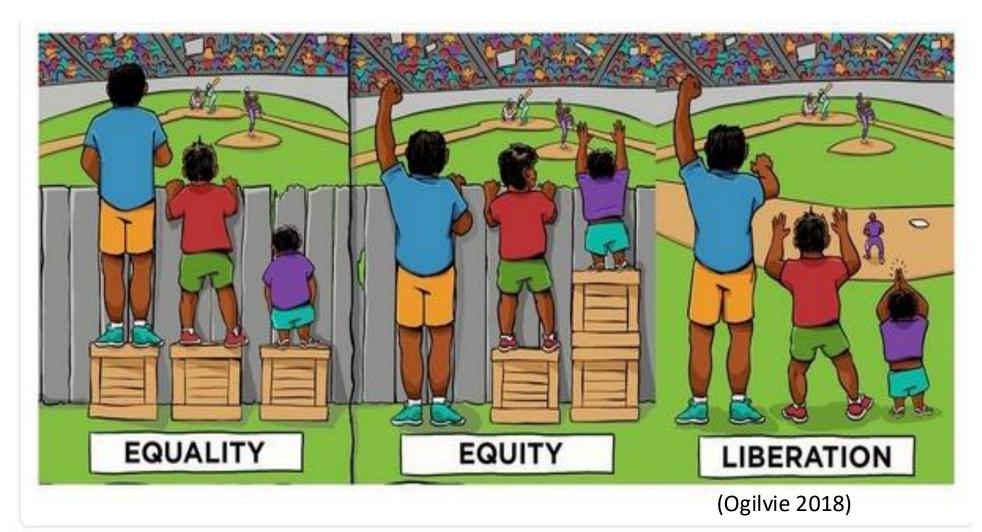
and respectfully respond

Sharing important

information and

personal preferences

Addressing power differentials Moving beyond "treating everyone the same..."



Meaningful engagement in collaborative research

DADIRRI

Look & Listen

Dadirri is a term used by the Ngangikurungkur people of the Norther Territory.

Dadirris is a deep and quiet form of listening used to increase understanding



GANMA

Take Action Together

Ganma is a term used by the Yolgnu people of Arnhem Land.

Ganma is a respectful way of sharing between two cultures

YARNING

Think & Discuss

Yarning is a term from the Nyoongah or Noongar people of Western Australia.

Yarning is an important practice of having a conversation





Health journey mapping tools & resources

- Collaborative research, from the ground up
- Flexible, adaptable, can be scaled up or down
- Pragmatic, problem solving
- Helps identify, plan, support and record what cultural safety looks and feels like in practice

https://www.lowitja.org.au/page/services/tools/health-journey-mapping

Health Journey Mapping -HJM

- Funded by the Lowitja Institute
- 3 tools with different purposes, to be used in healthcare settings
- To map health journeys, identify strengths and gaps in care, plan, strategise, continuous quality and improvement (CQI), support cultural safety
- Resources follow principles safety, equity and partnership
- These are achieved through co-design, two way communication, and applying a strength based approach to mapping

Clinical

For busy clinicians in every day clinical practice, using plan, do, study, act and review. Used to identify priorities and needs of individuals; assists in planning and enacting strategies to improve care.

Detailed

A comprehensive care planning and evaluation tool, using look & listen, think & discuss, take action together, and review. dentifies areas to focus on; and strategies to best improve experiences and outcomes of care.

Strategic

A higher level tool that brings together multiple perspectives of patient, family, and health services across different stages of a journey. It assists in the development and review of strategies that recognise both strengths and gaps in care. Findings and strategies can be considered together to address issues across journeys and to review actions made.



HJM Principles

HJM Tools



Clinical tool

Plan								
Details		How will you approach the mapping and ensure safety?		Trigger/ Reason for mapping:				
Whose Mrs Brown ** Journey?		Peer navigator will spend time with Mrs Brown. Karen to follow up with NUM at RAH		Mrs Brown has an appointment and possible admission to city hospital				
Who is doing the mapping/role? Date:	Karen (NUM) and Rose (peer navigator) 16/06/2021							
Location:	Regional Dialysis							
	Do	Study		Act			Review	
Collect Information What are the priorities and needs for this person? From whose perspective?		Interpret Information How can these needs be supported, and who can support them?	Stop, Think, Act What actions will/have been taken to support these needs, and who is making them?			Evaluate, Think, Learn How affective have these actions been?		
		Peer navigators could meet Mrs Brown prior (face to face or via Tablet), accompany her at the city hospital, and advocate for interpreter use when required. Mrs Brown's niece lives in a suburb nearby and could accompany her to appointments, and assist with personal care. Ensure city staff are aware of her name preferences.	and who will in Organise pee Brown. Book a female Contact family known. Actions taken: achieved, and I Female interp	What strategies have been by whom? oreter booked, and attended tion meeting. Niece involved in		Putting "Mrs Brown" above the bed prompted most but not all staff to use her preferred name. Mrs Brown liked having her niece support her in the hospital. The peer navigator & interpreter helped with informed consent. What else needs changing? Better visual resources to help with explaining complex procedures (from Mrs Brown & peer navigators)		
						What have you learned for next time? Linking patients with peer navigator via video conferencing, prior to going to the city, works well.		



AKction

Aboriginal Kidney Care Together – Improving Outcomes Now



- Aboriginal patient experts as chief investigators & project leads
- Aboriginal health practitioners, nurses, and doctors working alongside community members to improve care

Community Indigenous Ki

National Indigenous Kidney Transplant Taskforce



HTSA- MRFF Funding



Aboriginal kidney care together - improving outcomes now

Aboriginal Community Reference Group

University of Adelaide

Renal & support services

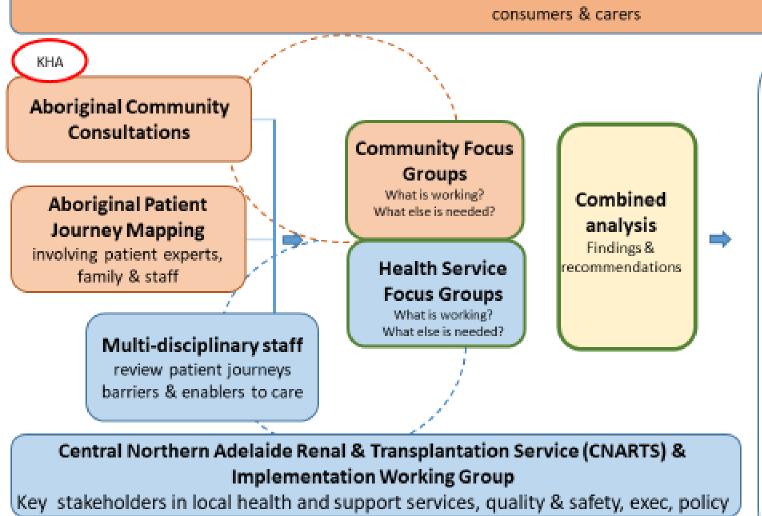
SAHMRI

Aboriginal Chronic Disease Consortium

Aboriginal Health Services

Kidney Health Australia

Purple House



Informs Kidney Health Australia

KHA-CARI Indigenous **Guidelines** for Chronic Kidney Disease

Feedback and local priority setting workshops

University and health service education

Undergraduate & post graduate

Health service responses

Data Collection & Analysis

Emerging Themes

Research Outcomes

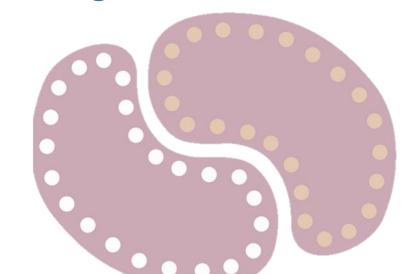
AKction2 - Focus

is based on the 4 main priorities determined by Aboriginal community members and the ARG



- 1. Indigenous governance "We are more than our disease!"
- 2. Kidney journey mapping "No one else should have to experience this"
- 3. Support for Aboriginal kidney patients "We know what it is like"
- 4. Cultural Safety in Kidney Care "Sometimes they just don't get it"

Overall aim: to improve the experiences and outcomes of kidney care for and with Aboriginal patients, families and community members and kidney health services in South Australia



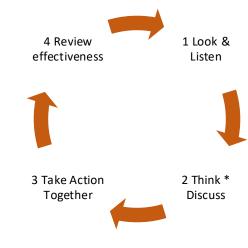
Meaningful engagement

DADIRRI

Look & Listen

Dadirri is a term used by the Ngangikurungkur people of the Norther Territory.

Dadirris is a deep and quiet form of listening used to increase understanding



GANMA

Take Action Together

Ganma is a term used by the Yolgnu people of Arnhem Land.

Ganma is a respectful way of sharing between two cultures

YARNING

Think & Discuss

Yarning is a term from the Nyoongah or Noongar people of Western Australia.

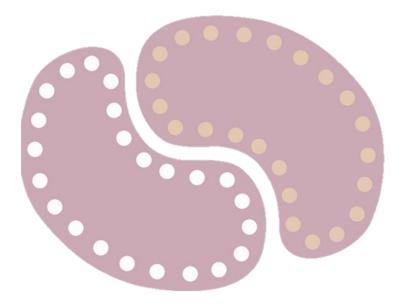
Yarning is an important practice of having a conversation



DADIRRI – Look & Listen

- a deep and quiet form of listening to increase awareness and understanding.
- Shared by the Ngangikurungkurr people near the Daly River in the Northern Territory
- an active, respectful process of listening
- taking time to listen, process and reflect on the information





















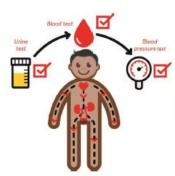


Indigenous Voices Yarning 'Kidney Health'

In Australia and New Zealand there are Guidelines (instructions) that are used by doctors, nurses and other health professionals to know how best to treat kidney diseases. Currently these Guidelines do not include cultural aspects of care or specific needs or challenges that may occur for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Peoples.



Kidney Health Australia and the 'Improving Aboriginal Kidney Care Together' Research are holding community consultations in South Australia: Adelaide and Port Augusta. We invite you to attend the consultations to tell us what should be in these guidelines, how we should use them, and give us ideas about improving kidney care locally and how to provide the information back to you.



Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Peoples and their family members have the opportunity to discuss what is most important regarding their kidney health, kidney care and personal, family and community experiences with kidney treatments. The consultation will be recorded and written up, and then shared with all who attended, to get their feedback. Names of those attending will not be written on the consultation report unless permission is given.

Art Session: Wednesday, 6 February 2019, 12:30pm - 4:00pm at Pika Wiya Health Service (40-46 Dartmouth Street Port Augusta, SA).

Yarning Kidneys: Thursday, 7 February 2019, 12:30pm - 3:30 pm at Pika Wiya Health Service (40-46 Dartmouth Street Port Augusta, SA).

Food and transportation will be provided.

Please RSVP and book your transport with Laurel Dodd on 8642 9930 or Kylie Herman on 8668 7737 by Monday 4 February 2019.

For more information call: Dora Oliva on 0406 809 712, Janet Kelly on 0428 891 286 or Laurel Dodd on 8642 9930.













In-consultation-with:¶



AKction·Aboriainal·Kidney·Care·Together,·Improving·Outcomes·Now!¶

You are invited to a consultation workshop to talk about kidney care for Aboriginal people in Ceduna. There-are-two-sessions-on-Wednesday, 12th-June-2019-at-Ceduna-Hospital (3-Eyre-Highway, Ceduna-SA). ¶

Yarning:session-for-kidney-patient-and-family-members:-10:00am--12:00pm-¶

We-are-inviting-Aboriginal-and-Torres-Strait-Islander-People-with-kidney-disease, their-family-members-andanyone-who-would-like-to, to-discuss-what-is-most-important-about-their-kidneys-and-health-care.¶

Open-discussion-for-patients,-families,-staff-and-services:-1:00pm--3:00pm-9

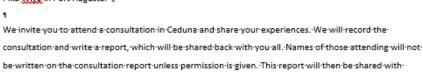
This session is open to everyone in Ceduna who would like to talk about how to improve Aboriginal kidney

The information from these sessions will be used in three ways: ¶

- → To-inform-kidney-care-locally-in-Ceduna, and at-a-state-level-¶
- → To·inform·the·AKction·project·¶
- → To-inform-new-national-clinical-guidelines-(instructions)-about how-to-care-for-Aboriginal-and-Torres-Strait-Islander-peoplesexperiencing-kidney-disease.-¶

The 'AKction' research brings together the Central and Northern Adelaide-Renal-and-Transplantation-Service,-The-University-of Adelaide.-Kidnev-Health-Australia.-the-SA-Aboriginal-Chronic-Disease-Consortium-and-SAHMRI.-¶

Consultations·have·also·been·held·at·Kangawoddli·in·Adelaide·and· Pika-Wiva-in-Port-Augusta.-¶

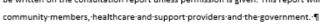


Transport-to-the-event-can-be-arranged.-Lunch-will-be-provided.¶

Please-RSVP-to-Geraldine-Ware-on-8626500-or-Andrew-Lane-on-86262110-by-Monday-4th-of-June-2019. You-can-discuss-transport-needs-with-Geraldine.¶ For-more-information-please-call:-Janet-Kelly-on-0428-891-286-or-Tahlee-Stevenson-on-0411307297-8





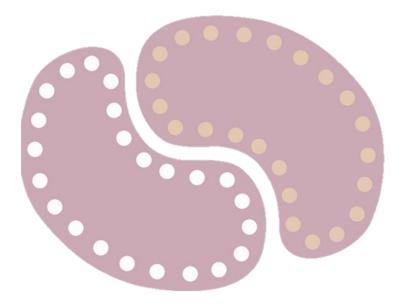




YARNING — Think & Discuss

- a culturally safe way of talking for First Nations people.
- Shared by Nyoongah /Noongar in Western Australia
- Social Yarning; Collaborative Yarning; Research Topic Yarning; and Therapeutic Yarning
- Clinical Yarning: social, diagnostic management
- Frames the lived experience of people truly hear what people have experienced.
- tale time to process information that has been expressed through lived experience and detailed stories.
- can take place through oral or written conversation.





Yarning

Chris Forbes, CEO Kidney Health Australia Sue Crail, Nephrologist Location: Pika Wiya Aboriginal Health Service teaching space

Tahlee Stevenson, Registered Nurse



Roxanne Sambo, Aboriginal Health Practitioner

GANMA – Take AKction Together

- The respectful way of sharing cultural knowledge between people
- Shared by the Yolgnu people of Arnhem land, Northern Territory.
- On Yolgnu land there is place on Country were two kinds of water meet, a river and the sea, they flow together becoming one.
- The term Ganma comes from the process, when the two meet and create a foam that represents a new kind of knowledge.
- This naturally occurring phenomenon has been used as metaphor to improve knowledge exchange between two cultures.



Research leading to significant improvements in care

Kanggawodli dialysis chairs & National Clinical guidelines



More responsive models of care



New national clinical guidelines

AKction team acknowledgement

Thank you to Akction team members

Chief investigators: Kim O'Donnell, Janet Kelly, Kelli Owen, Nari Sinclair, Rhanee Lester, Sam Bateman, Josee Lavoie,

AKction Reference Team: Nari Sinclair, Kelli Owen, Rhanee Lester, Jared Kartinyeri, Lili Simo, Denise Champion, Shallander Champion, Ramon Gadd

Associate investigators: Odette Pearson, Tamara Mackean, Melissa Arnold-Ujvari, Shilpa Jesudason, Stephen McDonald, Richard Le Leu, Kylie Herman, Lisa Jamieson,

Project team: Amy Graham, Kynesha Temple Varcoe, Alyssa Cormick, Tahlee Stevenson, Liz Rix

